

### **Evaluating Water Competency Skill Attainment for Children**

Research conducted by the American Red Cross

With financial and technical support from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and National Network of Public Health Institutes

# **Research Study Overview**

- Beginning in December 2020 through July 2021, the American Red Cross conducted a 2-phase research study to examine:
  - Barriers to accessing swim lessons and water safety information among populations of children at higher risk of drowning (Phase 1).
  - Ages (estimated) that young children may acquire unsupported swim skills through developmentally appropriate group swim lessons (Phase 2).
    - This phase of the study was conducted in communities with populations at higher risk of drowning.
- Funding for this initiative was provided to the National Network of Public Health Institutes (NNPHI) through a Cooperative Agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC – 6 NU38OT000303-03-01, CFDA 93.421). NNPHI and the Red Cross collaborated with the CDC's National Center for Injury Prevention and Control on this initiative.
- This report contains the findings of Phase 2 of this project. Phase 1 findings are provided in a separate report.



# Background

- Among young children ages 1 to 4, drowning is the leading cause of fatal injuries in the United States (CDC, 2020).
- Research indicates that an association exists between young children's participation in swimming lessons and a decreased risk of drowning deaths (Brenner, Taneja, Haynie, Trumble, Qian, et al., 2009).
- The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) recommends that children be "developmentally ready" for formal swimming lessons based not only the child's age, but many "physical, social, behavioral, emotional, and cognitive skills balanced against the environmental risk of drowning" (Denny et al., 2021, p. 12).
- Still, the AAP cites evidence that children ages 2 to 4 can acquire the motor skills needed for swimming, and that most children are developmentally ready for swimming by 4.5 years of age.



### Background (Continued)

- Central to this study is the concept of water competency.
- This study focused on the water skills derived from the American Red Cross definition of water competency (Quan, et al., 2014), which includes the following:
  - Entry with total submersion
  - Recovery to the surface and remaining there for at least 1 minute using floating or treading
  - Change in body orientation to allow repositioning, turning at least 180° and facing toward an exit direction
  - Propulsion, including leveling off and moving on front and/or on back position for at least 25 yards/meters
  - Exit from the water





- There is a lack of sufficient evidence related to the age at which children are able to achieve unsupported swimming behaviors.
- There is a lack of evidence evaluating swim lesson programs for young children that specifically examines the skills that lead to water competence through the progressions of the program.
- Phase 2 of this study conducted by the American Red Cross sought to help fill these research and evidence gaps.



# Significance

- Phase 2 evaluated a specific swim lesson education program for young children (ages 1 to 5 years) and examined the skills that lead to water competence through the progression of the program.
  - The selected skills are key water competence components aimed at gaining unsupported swimming behaviors.
  - The components of water competence have different levels of behavior. The beginning levels are supported behaviors (i.e., physically supported by a caregiver, instructor, shallow water or a flotation device) and more advanced levels are unsupported behaviors (i.e., no physical support).



### **Research Purpose and Questions**

- The purpose of the Phase 2 research was to determine at what developmentally appropriate ages it is reasonable for young children to acquire unsupported swimming behaviors.
- Outcomes from the study may impact the future design and delivery of swim instruction.

#### **Phase 2 Research Questions:**

- 1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?
- 2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement can be attained in an 8-lesson session?



# Methodology

- An 8-lesson swim session was conducted at 2 locations in central and south Florida.
- Inclusion criteria were as follows: (1) a child aged 1 to 5 years; (2) informed consent from the parent or caregiver; and (3) minimum attendance of 4 lessons (Research Question 2 only).
- Parent and Child Aquatics (PCA) and Preschool Aquatics (PSA) levels of the program were presented.
  - PCA is designed as an in-water parent/caregiver-assisted experience for children ages 1 to about 3 years old.
  - PSA is designed for children about 4 to 5 years old, without their parent/caregiver in the water.
- Parents/caregivers self-selected either the PCA or PSA sessions in which to enroll their child(ren).
- Two versions of the Red Cross PCA and PSA courses were presented to participants (A = Typical, B = Modified)
  - Modifications aimed to encourage earlier introduction of the five selected unsupported water competence components at both PCA and PSA levels.
  - Parents/caregivers were not aware in which version, A or B, their child was assigned.





# Methodology (Continued)

- Participants were recruited through local connections by program operators/aquatic managers.
- Participants received an additional session of swim lessons as an incentive.
- Parents/caregivers were presented with pre and post surveys to assess past experiences with swim lessons and water safety, as well as basic demographics.
- Swim skills performed by children 1 to 5 years old were assessed in a pre and post design by members of the research team using five water competence components.
- All swim sessions were video recorded to assess validity and reliability of the instrument, interpretation and future analysis.



# **Data Analysis**

#### Data Collection

- Two methods were employed for assigning developmental steps to children's swimming behavior.
  - The primary mode of data collection was live observation on Day 1 and Day 8.
  - The secondary mode employed for those individuals who were absent on Day 1 or Day 8 used video from their first and/or last days of attendance.

#### Reliability and Objectivity

- Observer objectivity was established by comparing the live observation data steps with independent observations from the video recordings.
  - Observer objectivity was calculated using proportion of exact agreement (P), with a minimum acceptable criterion of P > .80.
  - Based on a random sample comparing live observation with video, P = .90.
- Consistency of the behavior was established by using video and assigning developmental steps based on a sample of day-to-day behavior.



### Data Analysis (Continued)

#### Water Competence Developmental Steps

- Each child swimming's behavior was assessed for five separate developmental water competence components:
  - Water entry (WE)
  - Water exit (WX)
  - Back float (BF)
  - Breath control (BC)
  - Change in body orientation (CBO)

#### Additional Variable Definitions

- Max step: the highest development step demonstrated by each child for each of the five water competence components
- Unsupported/supported behavior: A binary variable to indicate observed skill level based on the multiple-assessment criteria (see next slide)



#### **Data Analysis** (Continued) Explanation of the Assessment Instrument

Blue represents the Step(s) of "Unsupported Behavior Demonstrated"

#### Water Entry Component Sequence (WE)

- 1. No voluntary entry demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver- or flotation-supported feet-first entry
- 3. Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry

#### Water Exit Component Sequence (WX)

- 1. No voluntary exit demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver-supported exit to pool side
- 3. Flotation-supported or caregiver-assisted exit to pool side
- 4. Independent exit to pool side
- 5. Independent exit to pool side <u>and</u> exit from pool (over side, up stairs or ramp or ladder)

#### Back (Supine) Buoyancy/Flotation Component Sequence (BF)

- 1. No back flotation demonstrated
- 2. Back flotation with caregiver/instructor support
- 3. Back flotation with instructional flotation device support
- 4. Momentary (1-3 sec.) voluntary back flotation
- 5. Independent (>3 sec.) voluntary back flotation

#### **Breath Control Component Sequence (BC)**

- 1. Reflexive breath holding when face is voluntarily submerged
- 2. Allowing water voluntarily in and/or around mouth, resulting in shipping or spouting
- Voluntary partial facial submersion (mouth and/or nose)
- 4. Voluntary full head submersion
- 5. Repeated voluntary submersion/breath-holding in water
- 6. Extended voluntary breath holding and/or repeated rhythmic breathing with water safety skills

#### Change in Body Orientation (turning around while vertical) Component Sequence (CBO)

- 1. No change in body orientation demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation change (turning around)
- 3. Body orientation change (turning around) while supported by flotation device
- Independent voluntary body orientation change (turning around)



# Data Analysis (Continued)

- Research Question 1:
  - Max step is coded dichotomously to supported or unsupported behaviors based on indicators of each competency.
  - 100% stacked bar chart of all assessment criteria illustrate the number of participants at each step.
  - Modified developmental curves (Roberton, et al., 1980) indicated frequency of unsupported behavior demonstrated by participants.
    - Development curves are split based on PCA and PSA groups.



## Data Analysis (Continued)

- Research Question 2:
  - Based on step change from pre to post assessment
  - 100% stacked bar chart of pre and post assessment scores:
    - Illustrate the number of participants at each step
    - Classify the presence of supported and unsupported behaviors as binary outcomes
    - Present PCA and PSA group behaviors separately
  - Average improvement in pre and post assessment scores were calculated for each assessment criterion.
    - Calculation was also completed based on separate PCA and PSA groups.
  - Wilcoxon Signed-Rank test evaluated the statistical significance of pre and post changes.
  - Mann-Whitney U test evaluated the statistical significance of pre and post change between A and B groups.



# **Data Summary – Participation**

- Target sample size of 96 to 128 adult/child pairs or children (based on minimum and maximum class size allowable by program design)
- 99 children were enrolled in lessons
- 74 children participated in at least 1 class
- 71 children had either pre and/or post assessment data
- Among those with documented Institutional Review Board (IRB) consent and criteria (e.g., 1 to 5 years old):
  - 60 children with pre and/or post data ("max step" data) for Research Question 1
  - 45 children with pre and post data for Research Question 2

Note: An additional inclusion criteria for Research Question 2 (e.g., both pre and post scores were required) reduced the sample size.



### **Participant Profile: Swimming-Related**

#### Parental Rating of Child's Swim Skill Level

Parental Report of Child's Prior Swim Lesson Experience

	PCA	PSA	All
Non-Swimmer	24	22	46
Beginner swimmer	7	7	14
Intermediate swimmer	0	1	1
Total	31	30	61

	PCA	PSA	All
Yes	1	7	8
No	31	24	55
Total	32	31	65

PCA – Parent and Child Aquatics PSA – Preschool Aquatics



# Participant Profile: Age and Gender Identity

#### Child's Age

#### Child's Gender Identity

	PCA	PSA	All
1 to 1.9 years	13	1	14
2 to 2.9 years	17	2	19
3 to 3.9 years	2	9	11
4 to 4.9 years		13	13
5 to 5.9 years		6	6
Total	32	31	63

	PCA	PSA	All
Male	17	17	34
Female	15	14	29
Total	32	31	63

PCA – Parent and Child Aquatics PSA – Preschool Aquatics



## **Participant Profile: Race and Ethnicity**

All

#### Child's Race

PCA

PSA

Hispanic or I	Latino
Childre	n

	PCA	PSA	All
Yes	3	5	8
No	14	15	29
Total	17	20	37

PCA – Parent and Child Aquatics
PSA – Preschool Aquatics



American Indian or Alaska

Asian or Pacific Islander

Prefer not to say

White

Black

Native

Other

Total

Note: Race and ethnicity were reported only in the post-participation survey. The numbers represent those who were present on Day 8.

### **Participant Profile: Family Income**

	PCA	PSA	All
Less than \$15,000	1	3	4
\$15,000-\$24,999	2	0	2
\$25,000-\$34,999	7	1	8
\$35,000-\$44,999	0	3	3
\$45,000-\$54,999	4	2	6
\$55,000-\$74,999	1	1	2
\$75,000-\$99,999	1	3	4
\$100,000 or more	0	2	2
Prefer not to answer	1	4	5
Total	17	19	36

PCA – Parent and Child Aquatics PSA – Preschool Aquatics

18



#### **Research Results Overview**

#### **Research Question 1**

At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?

- The youngest child age category at which unsupported water entry and water exit was demonstrated was 1 to 1.9 years old.
- The youngest child age category to demonstrate unsupported breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body orientation was 2 to 2.9 years old.

#### **Research Question 2**

Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement can be attained in an 8-lesson session?

- The greatest improvement occurred in water exit (M = 1.61), followed by breath control (M = 0.80), back flotation/ buoyancy (M = 0.57), water entry (M = 0.48), and changing body position and orientation (M = 0.48).
- Across all five components, improvements from pre to post test were statistically significant.
- No significant differences in average improvement were detected between A and B groups *except* for water entry, where B group's improvement was lower (*P* < .005).</li>



# **Research Question 1 Results**

 At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?

		Water Entry	Water Exit	Breath Control	Back Float	Change in Body Orient.
Scor	e of…	3	4	5	5	4
	meaning:	Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry	Independent exit to side	Repeated voluntary submersion/breath- holding in water	Independent (>3 sec.) voluntary back flotation	Independent voluntary body orientation change (turning around)
ALL						
	Count	38	38	10	6	9
	Minimum age	1.6	1.6	2.8	2.9	2.9
	Average age	3.4	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.0
PCA						
	Count	17	17	3	-	2
	Minimum age	1.6	1.6	2.8	-	2.9
	Average age	2.4	2.5	3.0	-	3.2
PSA						
	Count	21	21	7	6	7
	Minimum age	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0
	Average age	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.3



As determined by max step of either pre or post assessment

### Research Question 1 Results Water Entry

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Number of Participants by Step, as Percent of Group

#### Water Entry Component Sequence

- 1. No voluntary entry demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver- or flotation-supported feet-first entry
- 3. Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry



### Research Question 1 Results Water Entry

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Frequency of Unsupported Water Entry Across Ages

Unsupported behavior demonstrated



#### Water Entry Component Sequence

- 1. No voluntary entry demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver- or flotation-supported feet-first entry
- 3. Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry

### Research Question 1 Results Water Entry

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?

Frequency of Unsupported Water Entry Across Ages and Groups





### Research Question 1 Results Water Exit

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Number of Participants by Step, as Percent of Group

#### Water Exit Component Sequence

- 1. No voluntary exit demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver-supported exit to pool side
- 3. Flotation-supported or caregiverassisted exit to pool side
- 4. Independent exit to pool side
- 5. Independent exit to pool side <u>and</u> exit from pool (over side, up stairs or ramp or ladder)



#### Research Question 1 Results Water Exit

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Frequency of Unsupported Water Exit Across Ages

Unsupported behavior demonstrated

#### Water Exit Component Sequence

- 1. No voluntary exit demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver-supported exit to pool side
- 3. Flotation-supported or caregiverassisted exit to pool side
- 4. Independent exit to pool side
- 5. Independent exit to pool side <u>and</u> exit from pool (over side, up stairs or ramp or ladder)

### Research Question 1 Results Water Exit

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?

Frequency of Unsupported Water Exit Across Ages and Groups





## Research Question 1 Results Breath Control

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Number of Participants by Step, as Percent of Group

#### **Breath Control Component Sequence**

- 1. Reflexive breath holding when face is voluntarily submerged
- Allowing water voluntarily in and/or around mouth resulting in shipping or spouting
- 3. Voluntary partial facial submersion (mouth and/or nose)
- 4. Voluntary full head submersion
- 5. Repeated voluntary submersion/breathholding in water
- 6. Extended voluntary breath holding and/or repeated rhythmic breathing with water safety skills



# Research Question 1 Results Breath Control

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



#### **Breath Control Component Sequence**

- 1. Reflexive breath holding when face is voluntarily submerged
- Allowing water voluntarily in and/or around mouth resulting in shipping or spouting
- Voluntary partial facial submersion (mouth and/or nose)
- 4. Voluntary full head submersion
- 5. Repeated voluntary submersion/breathholding in water
- 6. Extended voluntary breath holding and/or repeated rhythmic breathing with water safety skills



# Research Question 1 Results Breath Control

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?





### Research Question 1 Results Back Flotation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



#### Back (Supine) Buoyancy/Flotation Component Sequence

- 1. No back flotation demonstrated
- 2. Back flotation with caregiver/instructor support
- 3. Back flotation with instructional flotation device support
- 4. Momentary (1-3 sec.) voluntary back flotation
- 5. Independent (>3 sec.) voluntary back flotation



# Research Question 1 Results Back Flotation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Frequency of Unsupported Back Float Across Ages

Unsupported behavior demonstrated



## Research Question 1 Results Back Flotation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?







## Research Question 1 Results Change in Body Orientation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Change in Body Orientation (turning around while vertical) Component Sequence

- 1. No change in body orientation demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation change (turning around)
- 3. Body orientation change (turning around) while supported by flotation device
- Independent voluntary body orientation change (turning around)



## Research Question 1 Results Change in Body Orientation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?



Change in Body Orientation (turning around while vertical) Component Sequence

- 1. No change in body orientation demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation change (turning around)
- 3. Body orientation change (turning around) while supported by flotation device
- 4. Independent voluntary body orientation change (turning around)



# Research Question 1 Results Change in Body Orientation

1. At what ages can unsupported swimming behaviors for water competence components of water entry and exit, breath control, back flotation/buoyancy, and changing body position and orientation be demonstrated?




### Research Question 2 Results Pre and Post Program Unsupported Skill Summary

2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)



### All Children, as Percent of Occurrence



### Research Question 2 Results Pre and Post Program Unsupported Skill Summary

2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)



### Parent and Child Aquatics, as Percent of Occurrence

Supported behaviors demonstrated Unsupported behaviors demonstrated



### Research Question 2 Results Pre and Post Program Unsupported Skill Summary

2. Across these five water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)



### Preschool Aquatics, as Percent of Occurrence



# **Research Question 2 Results**

2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)

	Average Change (∆)				
	Water Entry	Water Exit	Breath Control	Back Float	Change Body Orientation
All					
1-1.9 year old	0.75	0.50	0.25	0.00	0.38
2-2.9 year old	0.69	2.13	0.81	0.25	0.50
3-3.9 year old	0.33	1.78	0.89	1.22	0.56
4-4.9 year old	0.22	1.44	1.11	0.56	0.44
5-5.9 year old:	0.00	2.00	1.33	2.00	0.33
Average	0.49	1.62	0.82	0.58	0.47
PCA					
1-1.9 year old	0.75	0.50	0.25	0.00	0.38
2-2.9 year old	0.64	2.43	0.86	0.07	0.43
3-3.9 year old	1.00	2.00	0.50	1.50	0.50
Average	0.71	1.75	0.63	0.17	0.42
PSA					
2-2.9 year old	1.00	0.00	0.50	1.50	1.00
3-3.9 year old	0.14	1.71	1.00	1.14	0.57
4-4.9 year old	0.22	1.44	1.11	0.56	0.44
5-5.9 year old:	0.00	2.00	1.33	2.00	0.33
Average	0.24	1.48	1.05	1.05	0.52



### American Red Cross Training Services

Notes:

- PCA Parent and Child Aquatics; PSA Preschool Aquatics
- Levels do not reflect continuous variables, e.g., progression from a 2 to a 3 level on Breath Control may not represent an equivalent level of progression as growth from a level 3 to a 4

# **Research Question 2 Results**

2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)

### Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Results

Used to evaluate differences in ordinal, matched-pair (pre/post) data

Component	Mean, Standard [	Mean, Standard Deviation (M, SD) <sup>a</sup>		5
Component	Pre	Post	Z	ρ
Water Entry	2.22 (0.56)	2.71 (0.49)	-4.69	< .001***
Water Exit	2.62 (0.86)	4.24 (1.15)	-5.17	< .001***
Breath Control	2.69 (0.90)	3.51 (1.20)	-4.4	< .001***
Back Flotation	2.16 (0.74)	2.73 (1.12)	-3.45	.001**
Change in Body Orientation	2.49 (0.73)	2.96 (0.64)	-3.87	<0.001***
*p < 0.05 **p < 0.01				

\*\*\*\*p < 0.001



Note: <sup>a</sup>Mean and standard deviation provided for context. Levels do not reflect continuous variables, e.g., progression from a 2 to a 3 level on Breath Control may not represent an equivalent level of progression as growth from a level 3 to a 4.

# **Research Question 2 Results**

2. Across these 5 water competence components, what degree of improvement was attained in an 8-lesson session? (Average attendance: 6.9 sessions)

### Mann Whitney U Test

Used to evaluate differences in average change between A & B groups

	Averag	ge (M) Char	ige		
All Children	All	А	В	U	p
	(n = 45)	(n = 23)	(n = 22)		
Water Entry	0.49	0.70	0.27	146	.005**
Water Exit	1.62	1.65	1.59	232	.621
Breath Control	0.82	0.78	0.86	242	.788
Back Float	0.58	0.35	0.82	192.5	.113
Change in Body Orientation	0.47	0.52	0.41	217.5	.363
	Averac	ae (M) Char	Ide		
Indian River Participants	All	Â	в	U	р
	(n = 33)	(n = 19)	(n = 14)		
Water Entry	0.55	0.74	0.29	73	.011*
Water Exit	1.52	1.58	1.43	121	.648
Breath Control	0.85	0.84	0.86	118	.577
Back Float	0.39	0.26	0.57	118	.444
Change in Body Orientation	0.52	0.58	0.43	108	.313

\*p < 0.05, \*\*p < 0.01



American Red Cross Training Services Note: <sup>a</sup>Mean provided for context. Levels do not reflect continuous variables, e.g., progression from a 2 to a 3 level on Breath Control may not represent an equivalent level of progression as growth from a level 3 to a 4.

# Interpreting Results: Research Question 1

- Children in group lessons demonstrated performance of these five behaviors without support.
- Aside from water entry and water exit, the other three behaviors (breath control, back flotation and change in body position) were not demonstrated by a majority of the participants, even at 5 years of age.
- These results suggest several possible explanations:
  - Extended exposure time could have resulted in better skill acquisition.
  - Different developmentally appropriate instructional methods may be needed to achieve competency in these behaviors by a majority of children before 4 to 5 years old.
  - Findings reinforce previous literature that water competence components such as BC, BF and CBO do not emerge prior to 4 to 5 years old in a majority of children participating in group lessons.



Continued on next slide

# Interpreting Results: Research Question 1 (Continued)

- A strong discrepancy existed between the earliest ages at which children could independently enter the water and the ages at which they could perform unsupported breath control, back flotation and changing body orientation.
  - Not only were the earliest ages older, but the frequency at which the participants achieved unsupported breath control, back flotation and change in body orientation ranged from 11% to 33% (BC), 5% to 23% (BF) and 5% to 38% (CBO).
  - In no case did a majority of the participants achieve unsupported breath control, back flotation or change in body orientation.
- Among children enrolled in PCA, none demonstrated unsupported back flotation between the ages of 1 to 3.9 years.
  - Children enrolled in PSA between ages 2 to 2.9 years (50%) and 3 to 3.9 years (11%) were able to demonstrate this skill unsupported.



# Interpreting Results: Research Question 1 (Continued)

- The higher performance of unsupported water exit requires further explanation.
  - While the achievement of unsupported water exit ranged between 71% to 77%, the assessment did not require that children demonstrate that they could get from deep water to the side in order to exit.
  - If the assessment for unsupported water exit behavior had included prerequisites of supported breath control, back float and change in body orientation, it is likely that unsupported water exit would have had much lower frequencies even at ages 3, 4 and 5.



# Interpreting Results: Research Question 2

- As currently taught in the Red Cross group lessons (Parent and Child Aquatics and Preschool Aquatics), performance of all five water competence components did improve significantly—although to differing degrees across components.
- Improvement was greater among the older participants enrolled in the Preschool Aquatics lessons than in the Parent and Child Aquatics lessons.
- The attempt to differentiate between Typical and Modified curricula generally did not produce significant differences except for behaviors within the water entry component.



# **Study Limitations**

- Inconsistent attendance, early withdrawal and ineligibility of some program participants program reduced sample size.
- Duration of the intervention was limited to a maximum of 8 sessions.
- Choice of test sites were limited due to COVID-19 regulations, which impacted ability to target recruitment efforts to some specific racial/ethnic participants (e.g., American Indian or Alaska Native).
- Levels of instructor experience were varied.
- The social-emotional readiness of the children was not assessed.
   Note: Possible environmental barriers to participation included:
  - A tropical system that was present off the coast of Florida during the second week of lessons, causing weather conditions to be very windy and cold for water activity.
  - A major fire that caused significant disruption to the transportation system in Day 8 in Indian River County.



## **Lessons Learned**

- Swim lessons were available at no charge to the participants, which may have been a factor in the lack of commitment to show up to every lesson.
- The difference between the "Typical" and "Modified" program was negligible in relation to study outcomes.
  - We do not know if training to the Modified program influenced delivery of the Typical program.
- The findings raised the need for future research addressing the impact of the following in skill acquisition in developmentally appropriate group lessons:
  - Number of lessons.
  - Length of lessons.
  - Number of participants in each class.
  - Types of teaching techniques.
  - Social-emotional readiness of the children.



# Projected Impacts on Future Programming

- Swim lesson curriculum developers can use the resulting information from this study to examine and revise swim lesson programs for young children.
- Earlier attainment of unsupported levels of water competence may have a buffering effect against drowning.
- Consider employing any teaching/learning techniques including progressions and activities which have an evidence-basis that leads to earlier achievement of unsupported swimming behaviors.
- Progressions leading to unsupported skills may be introduced earlier in completion requirements for swim lesson levels for children ages 1 to 4 years.



# Projected Impacts on Future Programming (Continued)

- Consider designing assessments that are a composite of multiple components of water competence (i.e., "putting it all together").
- All swimming skill completion requirements should be designed to conclude with the child reaching a position of safety (e.g., poolside, standing water depth or exiting the water).
- For "adult-assisted" lessons, such as Parent and Child Aquatics, consider establishing completion requirements (e.g., exit skills assessments).



# **Next Steps: Dissemination of Findings**

Articles and abstracts are intended to be submitted to the following:

- Publications
  - International Journal of Aquatic Research and Education
  - American Journal of Public Health
  - Pediatrics
  - Injury Prevention
- Presentations
  - American Public Health Association Conference
  - Association of Aquatics Professionals Conference
  - Diversity in Aquatics Convention
  - World Aquatic Health Conference
  - National Recreation and Parks Association Conference
  - National Drowning Prevention Alliance Water Safety Conference



### References

- Brenner, R. A., Taneja, G. S., Haynie, D. L., Trumble, A. C., Qian, C., Klinger, R. M., & Klebanoff, M. A. (2009). Association between swimming lessons and drowning in childhood: a case-control study. *Archives of Pediatrics & Adolescent Medicine*, *163*(3), 203-210. <u>https://doi.org/10.1001/archpediatrics.2008.563</u>
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2020. "Fatal Injury Data." <u>https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/fatal.html</u>
- Denny, S.A., Quan, L., Gilchrist, J., McCallin, T., Shenoi, R., Yusuf, S., Hoffman, B., & Weiss., J. (2021). Prevention of drowning. AAP Council on Injury, Violence, and Poison Prevention. *Pediatrics.* 143(5). e20190850. <u>https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2019-0850</u>
- Quan, L., Ramos, W., Harvey, C., Kublick, L., Langendorfer, S., Lees, T. A., Fielding, R.R., Dalke, S., Barry, C., Shook., & Wernicki, P. (2015). Toward defining water competency: An American Red Cross definition. *International Journal of Aquatic Research and Education*, 9(1), Art. 3. <u>https://doi.org/10.25035/ijare.09.01.03</u>
- Roberton, M. A., Williams, K., & Langendorfer, S. (1980). Pre-longitudinal screening of motor development sequences. *Research Quarterly for Exercise and Sport*, 51(4), 724-731. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/02701367.1980.10609334</u>



### **Appendix A: Teaching Tools**

Typical (A) Course Outlines Modified (B) Course Outline Component Sequence Charts Typical (A) Course Skills Charts Modified (B) Course Skills Charts



### **Typical (A) Course Outlines**



### PARENT AND CHILD AQUATICS LEVEL 1 OUTLINE

Instructor's Note: The skills in the outline are not listed in a teaching order. Refer to the sample block plan and lesson plan on Instructor's Corner (instructorscorner.org) for examples of how to organize the skills.

Re	ecommended Equipment		
=	Pool toys, such as floating rubber anima	ls	
=	U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets	in appropriate sizes for parents an	d children
=	Flotation devices, such as foam noodles	, kickboards or swim bar floats	
S	cills	Completion Goals	References
Н	olding and Support Techniques		
Fa	ce-to-face positions		
-	Hug position	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
-	Chin support	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
-	Shoulder support on front	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
Ba	ack-to-chest positions		
-	Cuddle position	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
Si	de-to-side positions		
-	Hip straddle	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
-	Shoulder support on side	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 3
W	orking with the Child		
С	ueing	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
W	ater Adjustment, Entry and Exit		
Ge	etting wet		
	Getting wet with toys	Explore	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
	Getting wet kicking	Explore	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
W	ater entry		
	Enter water by lifting in	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
	Enter water by walking in	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Ex	ploring the pool		
=	Out-of-water exploration	Explore	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
-	In-water exploration	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
W	ater exit		
=	Exit water by lifting out	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
=	Exit water by walking out	Demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
=	Exit water using a ladder	Demonstrate (child)	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
	-		

Skills	Completion Goals	References
Breath Control		
Blow bubbles on the surface	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Blow bubbles with mouth and nose submerged	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Underwater exploration	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Submerge mouth, nose and eyes	Explore, with support or independently	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Buoyancy on Front		
Front glide	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Buoyancy on Back		
Back glide	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Back float	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Changing Direction		
Roll from front to back	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Roll from back to front	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Swim on Front		
Passing from instructor to parent	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Leg action on front	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Swim on Back		
Leg action on back	Explore, with support	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Water Safety		
The importance of wearing a life jacket	Discuss (parent) and Demonstrate (parent and child)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
How to call for help and the importance of knowing first aid and CPR	Discuss (parent) and Demonstrate (parent and child)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Basic water safety rules	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
General water safety around the home	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Recreational water illnesses	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Sun safety	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2

LWT, Longfellow's WHALE Tales; PCA, Parent and Child Aquatics; SWS, Swimming and Water Safety; WSIM, Water Safety Instructor's Manual.

148 | American Red Cross | Water Safety Instructor's Manual

Chapter 7 | Parent and Child Aquatics | 149



American Red Cross Training Services

### PARENT AND CHILD AQUATICS LEVEL 2 OUTLINE

Instructor's Note: The skills in the outline are not listed in a teaching order. Refer to the sample block plan and lesson plan on Instructor's Corner (instructorscorner.org) for examples of how to organize the skills.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

- = Pool toys, such as floating rubber animals and weighted diving objects
- U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets in appropriate sizes for parents and children
- = Flotation devices, such as foam noodles, kickboards or swim bar floats
- Reaching equipment

Sk	dlls	Completion Goals	References
Но	olding and Support Techniques		
Fa	ce-to-face positions		
-	Hip support on front	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 3
Ba	ck-to-chest positions		
-	Hip support on back	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 3
	Back support	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 3
	Arm stroke position	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 3
W	ater Adjustment, Entry and Exit		
W	ater entry		
	Enter water from a seated position	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
-	Enter water from a seated position— rolling over and sliding in	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
	Enter water by stepping or jumping in	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
	Enter water using steps or ramp	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Ex	ploring the pool		
-	In-water exploration	Explore, independently, in shallow water	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
W	ater exit		
	Exit water using side of pool	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
	Exit water using steps or ramp	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
	Exit water using a ladder	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 1
Br	eath Control		
Un	derwater exploration		
=	Open eyes and retrieve objects below the surface	Explore, with support, in shallow water	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
=	Open eyes and retrieve submerged objects	Explore, with assistance, in shallow water	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Bo	bbing	Explore, independently	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2

Skills	Completion Goals	References
Buoyancy on Front		
Front glide	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA2
Front glide to the wall	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA2
Front float	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA2
Buoyancy on Back		
Back glide	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Back float	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Changing Direction		
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Swim on Front		
Passing from instructor to parent	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Drafting with breathing	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Leg action on front-alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Arm action on front-alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Combined arm and leg actions on front with breathing	Explore, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Swim on Back		
Leg action on back—alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Arm action on back-alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Explore, with support or assistance	WSIM, Ch 7, PCA 2
Water Safety		
Wearing a life jacket in the water	Discuss (parent) and	WSIM, Ch 4
	Demonstrate (child)	SWS, Ch 2
Reaching assists	Discuss/demonstrate (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4
		SWS, Ch 3
Basic water safety rules review	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4
Safety at the beach and at the waterpark	Discuss (parent)	WSIM Ch 4
Salely at the beach and at the waterpark	Discuss (parent)	SWS Ch 2
Water toys and their limitations	Discuss (parent)	WSIM, Ch 4
	4	SWS, Ch 2

166 American Red Cross | Water Safety Instructor's Manual



American Red Cross Training Services Chapter 7 | Parent and Child Aquatics | 167

### **PRESCHOOL AQUATICS LEVEL 1 OUTLINE**

Instructor's Note: The skills in the outline are not listed in a teaching order. Refer to the sample block plan and lesson plan on Instructor's Corner (instructorscorner.org) for examples of how to organize the skills. All skills should be repeated until the participant is comfortable with the skill. Allow sufficient practice time in each lesson plan. Participants should be able to achieve the completion requirements of each skill at least several times.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

- Submersion items, such as diving rings
- U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets in appropriate sizes for children
- Flotation devices, such as foam noodles, kickboards or swim bar floats

Skills	Completion Requirements	References
Water Adjustment, Entry and Exit		
Enter water using ramp, steps or side	Demonstrate, independently	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Exit water using ladder, steps or side	Demonstrate, independently	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Breath Control and Submerging		
Blow bubbles	Demonstrate, at least 3 seconds	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Submerge mouth, nose and eyes	Demonstrate in shallow water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Open eyes underwater and retrieve submerged objects	Demonstrate in shallow water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Buoyancy on Front		
Front glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Recover from a front glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Buoyancy on Back		
Back glide	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Back float	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 3 seconds	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Changing Direction and Position a	nd Treading	
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with support	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with support	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Arm and hand treading actions	Explore, in chest-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1 SWS, Ch 5

194 | American Red Cross | Water Safety Instructor's Manual



American Red Cross Training Services

Skills	Completion Requirements	References
Swim on Front		
Alternating leg action on front	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Simultaneous leg action on front	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Alternating arm action on front	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Simultaneous arm action on front	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Combined arm and leg actions on front	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Swim on Back		
Alternating leg action on back	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Simultaneous leg action on back	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Alternating arm action on back	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Simultaneous arm action on back	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Demonstrate, with support, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Water Safety		
Staying safe around water	Show and tell	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Recognizing the lifeguards	Show and tell	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2 LWT
Recognizing an emergency	Show and tell	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 3
How to call for help	Demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 3
Too Much Sun Is No Fun	Show and tell	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2 LWT

#### Exit Skills Assessment

All Preschool Aquatics Level 1 exit skills can be performed with support.

 Enter independently, using either the ramp, steps or side, travel at least 5 yards, submerge to mouth and blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds, then safely exit the water. (Children can walk, move along the gutter or "swim.")

While in shallow water, glide on front for at least 2 body lengths, then roll to back and float on back for 3 seconds, then recover to a vertical position.

LWT, Longfellow's WHALE Tales; PSA, Preschool Aquatics; SWS, Swimming and Water Safety; WSIM, Water Safety Instructor's Manual.

Chapter 8 | Preschool Aquatics | 195

### **PRESCHOOL AQUATICS LEVEL 2 OUTLINE**

(i)

Instructor's Note: The skills in the outline are not listed in a teaching order. Refer to the sample block plan and lesson plan on Instructor's Corner (instructorscorner.org) for examples of how to organize the skills. All skills should be repeated until the participant is comfortable with the skill. Allow sufficient practice time in each lesson plan. Participants should be able to achieve the completion requirements of each skill at least several times.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

- Submersion items, such as diving rings
- U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets in appropriate sizes for children
- Flotation devices, such as foam noodles, kickboards or swim bar floats

Skills	Completion Requirements	References
Water Adjustment, Entry and Exit		
Enter water by stepping in from the deck or low height	Demonstrate, independently, into shoulder-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Exit water using ladder, steps or side	Demonstrate, independently, in chest-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Breath Control and Submerging		
Bobbing	Demonstrate, independently, at least 5 times	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2 SWS, Ch 5
Open eyes underwater and retrieve submerged objects	Demonstrate, independently, in chest-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Buoyancy on Front		
Front glide	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Front float	Demonstrate, with assistance, for at least 3 seconds	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with assistance, in chest-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Buoyancy on Back		
Back glide	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 2 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Back float	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 5 seconds	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with assistance, in chest-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Changing Direction and Position an	d Treading	
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with assistance	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Tread water using arm and leg actions	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 15 seconds, in shoulder-deep water	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2

Skills	Completion Requirements	References
Swim on Front		
Combined arm and leg actions on front	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 3 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Swim on Back		
Finning arm action on back	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 3 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 2
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Demonstrate, with assistance, at least 3 body lengths	WSIM, Ch 8, PSA 1
Water Safety		
Staying safe around water	Discuss	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Recognizing the lifeguards	Discuss	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket	Discuss/demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2 LWT
Recognizing an emergency	Discuss	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 3
How to call for help	Discuss/demonstrate	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 3
Too Much Sun Is No Fun	Discuss	WSIM, Ch 4 SWS, Ch 2 LWT
Fyit Skills Assessment		

All Preschool Aquatics Level 2 exit skills can be performed with assistance.

- 1. Glide on front for at least 2 body lengths, roll to back, float on back for 15 seconds, then recover to a vertical position.
- 2. Glide on back for at least 2 body lengths, roll to front, then recover to a vertical position.
- Swim using combined arm and leg actions on front for 3 body lengths, roll to back, float for 15 seconds, roll to front, then continue swimming on front for at least 3 body lengths.

208 | American Red Cross | Water Safety Instructor's Manual

Chapter 8 | Preschool Aquatics | 209



American Red Cross Training Services

## **Modified (B) Course Outlines**



PARENT AND CHILD AC	ZUATICS LEVEL TO U	UTLINE	
Recommended Equipment			
<ul> <li>Pool toys, such as floating rubber a</li> </ul>	nimals, rings and sinking objects		
<ul> <li>U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jac</li> </ul>	kets of appropriate sizes for parents a	and children	
<ul> <li>Flotation devices, such as foam no</li> </ul>	odles, kickboards or swim bars		
Skills	Completion Goals	ARWCAG	References
Holding and Support Techniques			
Face-to-face positions			WSIM, Ch3
<ul> <li>Hug position</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
<ul> <li>Chin support</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
<ul> <li>Shoulder support on front</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
Back-to-chest position			
<ul> <li>Cuddle</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
Side-to-side position			
<ul> <li>Hip straddle</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
<ul> <li>Shoulder support on side</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)		
Working with the Child			
Cueing	Demonstrate (parent)		WSIM, Ch 7
Water Adjustment, Entry and Exit			
Getting Wet			WSIM, Ch 7
<ul> <li>Getting wet with toys</li> </ul>	Explore	W01+2	
<ul> <li>Getting wet kicking</li> </ul>	Explore	WO1+2	
Water Entry			
<ul> <li>Lifting in</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)	W02, WE1	
From a seated position—rolling	Explore, with support or assistance	WE2	
over and sliding in		VVEZ	
<ul> <li>Walking in</li> </ul>	Explore, with support or assistance	WO2/WE1	
Exploring the Pool			
<ul> <li>Out-of-water exploration</li> </ul>	Explore	WO1	
<ul> <li>In-water exploration</li> </ul>	Explore, with support or assistance	WO2/3	
Water Exit			
<ul> <li>Hanging on to side of pool</li> </ul>	Explore, with support or assistance	WO3, WX2	WSIM, Ch 7
<ul> <li>Lifting out</li> </ul>	Demonstrate (parent)	WX1	
<ul> <li>Walking out</li> </ul>	Explore, with support or assistance	WX1/2	
Breath Control			
Blowing bubbles on the surface	Explore, with or without support, at least 3 seconds	BC2	WSIM, Ch 7
Blowing bubbles with mouth and nose submerged	Explore, with or without support, at least 3 seconds	BC3	
Underwater exploration	Explore, with or without support, at least 3 seconds	BC3	
Submerging mouth, nose and eyes	Explore, with or without support, at least 3 seconds	BC3	
Buoyancy on Front			
Front float	Explore, with support or assistance	FF2/3	WSIM, Ch 7

ENT AND CHILD A CHATICOLEVEL 4D CHITUNE

vertical position Buoyancy on Back Back float Explore, with support or CMB1, BF1 WSIM, Ch 7 assistance, at least 3 seconds Explore, with support or CMB2 Back glide assistance, at least 2 body lengths Recover from a back float or glide to CBP2 Demonstrate, with assistance a vertical position Changing Body Position and Direction CBP2 WSIM, Ch 7 Roll from front to back Explore, with support or assistance Roll from back to front Explore, with support or assistance CBP2 Turn toward pool side Explore, with support or assistance CBO2 Swim on Front Passing from instructor to parent Explore, with support or assistance CMF2 WSIM, Ch 7 Explore, with support or CMF2 Leg action assistance, at least 2 body lengths Explore, with support or Arm action CMF2 assistance, at least 2 body lengths Combined movement on front Explore, with support or CMF2 assistance, at least 2 body lengths Swim on Back Explore, with support or CMB2 WSIM, Ch 7 Leg action assistance, at least 2 body lengths Explore, with support or CMB2 Arm action assistance, at least 2 body lengths Explore, with support or CMB2 Combined movement on back assistance, at least 2 body lengths Water Safety Discuss (parent) and Demonstrate The importance of wearing a life SWS, Ch 2 WSIM, Ch 4 (parent and child) iacket How to call for help and the Discuss (parent) and Demonstrate importance of knowing first aid and (parent and child) CPR Basic water safety rules Discuss (parent) General water safety around the Discuss (parent) home Recreational water illnesses Discuss (parent) Sun safety Discuss (parent) Exit Skills Assessment All Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1 exit skills can be performed with support or assistance. 1. Enter water using either the ramp, steps or side [WO3, WE2], travel at least 2 body lengths [CMF2], submerge to mouth and blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds [BC3] then safely exit the water. (Children can walk, move along the gutter or "swim.") 2. Start in the water with support from the adult [FF2], travel at least 2 body lengths using the combined movement on front (CMF2) to get to the side then safely exit the water. Page | 2 Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution

Explore, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths

Recover from a front float or glide to a Explore, with support or assistance

Front glide

Page | 1

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution

WSIM, Ch 7

CBP2

### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2B Outline

#### Recommended Equipment

- Pool toys, such as floating rubber animals and weighted diving objects
- U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets of appropriate sizes for parents and children
- Flotation devices, such as foam noodles, kickboards or barbells

Reaching equipment

Skills	Completion Goals	ARWCAG	References	
Holding and Support Technique	Holding and Support Techniques			
Face-to-face position				
Hip support on front	Demonstrate	WO2	WSIM, Ch3	
Back-to-chest positions				
<ul> <li>Hip support on back</li> </ul>	Demonstrate	WO2		
<ul> <li>Back support</li> </ul>	Demonstrate	W02		
Arm stroke	Demonstrate			
Water Adjustment, Entry and Ex	it			
Water Entry				
<ul> <li>Seated position</li> </ul>	Demonstrate, with assistance	WO2	WSIM, Ch7	
<ul> <li>Seated position—rolling</li> </ul>	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	W02, WE2		
over and sliding in				
<ul> <li>Stepping or jumping in</li> </ul>	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	WO2, WE2		
<ul> <li>Using a ladder</li> </ul>	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	WO2, WE2		
Using stairs	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	1102. 1122		
In-water exploration	Explore, independently, in shallow	WO3, CMF2		
Matan Ewit	water			
water Exit	Domonstrate, with or without assistance	WX3		
Using stops or ramp	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	WX3		
Using a ladder	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	WX3		
Osling a ladder	Benionsaute, mar or warout assistance			
Breath Control				
Underwater exploration	Evolare with support or assistance in	BC3/4	WSIM. Ch 7	
Open eyes and retrieve     objects below the surface	shallow water			
Open eves and retrieve	Explore, with or without assistance, in	BC4		
submerged objects	shallow water			
Bobbing	Explore, independently, at least 10	BC4		
	times			
Buoyancy on Front				
Front glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	BC4, FF2/3	WSIM, Ch 7	
Front glide to the wall	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	BC4, FF2/3		
Front float	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 seconds	FF2/3		
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP2/3		

Page | 3

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution

Buoyancy on Back			
Back glide	Demonstrate, with support, assistance or independently, at least 2 body lengths	BF2/3 CMB2/3	WSIM, Ch7
Back float	Demonstrate, with support, assistance or independently, at least 10 seconds	BF2/3	]
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP2/3	
Changing Body Position and Dire	ection		
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP2/3	WSIM, Ch7
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP2/3	1
Turn toward side of pool	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBO3/4	1
Swim on Front	-		
Passing between adults	Demonstrate, with assistance	CMF2	WSIM, Ch7
Drafting with breathing	Demonstrate, with assistance	CMF2/3 BC4/5	1
Leg action—alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMF2	
Arm action—alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with support, assistance or independently, at least 3 body lengths	CMF2	
Combined arm and leg actions on front with breathing	Explore, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMF2/3	
Swim on Back			
Leg action—alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMB2/3	WSIM, Ch 7
Arm action—alternating or simultaneous movements	Demonstrate, with support, assistance or independently, at least 3 body lengths	CMB2/3	
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Explore, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMB2/3	]
Water Safety			
Wearing a life jacket in the water	Discuss (parent) and Demonstrate (child)	)	SWS, Ch 2
Reaching assists	Discuss/demonstrate (parent)		WSIM Ch 4
Basic water safety rules review	Discuss (parent)		1
Safety at the beach and at the waterpark	Discuss (parent)		1
Water toys and their limitations	Discuss (parent)		]
Exit Skills Assessment			
All Parent-Child Aquatics Level 2 e.	xit skills may be performed with assistance	or indepen	dently. A
position of safety could be hanging	on the wall or exiting the water.		
<ol> <li>Enter water [WE2 or 3], glide of float on back for 10 seconds position of safety.</li> </ol>	on front at least 2 body lengths [FF2 or 3], 1 [BF5], recover to a vertical position, [CBP2	roll to back ? or 3] then t	[CBP2 or 3 travel to a
<ol> <li>Glide on back for at least 2 boo position, [CBO2 or 3] then trave</li> </ol>	ly lengths [BF2 or 3], roll to front [CBP2 or el to a position of safety.	3], recover t	o a vertical
<ol> <li>Swim using combined arm and back [CBP2 or 3], float for 5 s on front for at least 3 body leng</li> </ol>	l leg actions on front for at least 3 body leng econds [BF2, 3, or 4], roll to front [CBP2 o ths [CMF2 or 3] to a position of safety.	gths [CMF2 r 3], continu	or 3], <b>roll t</b> le swimmin

Page | 4

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution



### **Preschool Aquatics Level 1B Outline**

Equipment

- · Submersion items (such as diving rings)
- · U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets (appropriate sizes for children)
- · Unattached flotation support devices, such as foam noodles, swim bar floats and kickboards

Skills	Completion Requirements	ARWCG	Referenc es
Water Entry and Exit			
Enter water using ramps, steps or side	Demonstrate, independently	WO3, WE3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Exit water using ladder, steps, or side	Demonstrate, independently	WX4/5, WO3	
Breath Control and Submerging			
Blowing bubbles	Demonstrate, at least 3 seconds	BC3	WSIM, Ch8,
Submerging mouth, nose and eyes	Demonstrate in shallow water	BC3/4	Faki
Opening eyes under water and retrieving submerged objects	Demonstrate in shallow water	BC3 or BC4	
Buoyancy on Front			
Front glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	BC5, FF3/ 4	WSIM, C8, PSA1
Recover from a front glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP2/3/4	
Buoyancy on Back	-		
Back glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	BF2/3, CMB2/3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Back float	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 seconds	BF3/4	
Recover from a back float to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	BF2, CBP2/3	
Changing Direction and Position and 1	reading		
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	CBP2	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1; SWS, Cb5
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with support or assistance	CBP2	0.10
Arm and hand treading actions	Explore, in chest-deep water	CBO2	
Turn toward pool side	Explore, with support or assistance	CBO2 or 3	
Swim on Front			
Alternating leg action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMF2 or 3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Simultaneous leg action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMF2 or 3	PSA1
Alternating arm action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMF2 or 3	
Simultaneous arm action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMF2 or 3	
Combined arm and leg actions on front	Demonstrate, with support or	CMF2 or 3	

	assistance, at least 2 body lengths		
Swim on Back	•		
Alternating leg action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Simultaneous leg action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	
Alternating arm action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	
Simultaneous arm action	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Demonstrate, with support or assistance, at least 2 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	
Water Safety	•		
Staying safe around aquatic environments	Show and tell		SWS, Ch2 WSIM, Ch4,
Recognizing the lifeguards	Show and tell		
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket	Demonstrate		]
Recognizing an emergency	Show and tell		
How to call for help	Demonstrate		]
Too Much Sun Is No Fun	Show and tell		
Exit Skills Assessment			
All Preschool Aquatics Level 1 exit skills	can be performed with support. assist	ance or inde	pendentiv.

All Preschool Aquatics Level 1 exit skills can be performed with support, assistance or independently. A position of safety could be hanging on the wall or exiting the water.

 Enter independently [WE2 or 3], using either the ramp, steps or side (WE3), travel at least 5 yards [CMF3], submerge to mouth [BC3] and blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds [BC3] then safely exit the water [WE3]. (Children can walk, move along the gutter or "swim.")

 While in shallow water, glide on front at least 2 body lengths [CMF3], then roll to back [CBP3] and float on back for 3 seconds [BF3 or 4] recover to a vertical position, [CBP3] then travel to a position of safety.

Page | 5

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution



### **Preschool Aquatics Level 2B Outline**

#### Equipment

- Submersion items, such as diving rings
- U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets in appropriate sizes for children
- Flotation devices, such as foam noodles, kickboards or swim bar floats

Skills	Completion Requirements		References
Water Entry and Exit			
Enter water by stepping in from deck or low height	Demonstrate, independently into shoulder-deep water	WE3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
After entering, turn around and face the wall (entry pt)	Demonstrate independently in shoulder-deep water	CBO3 or 4	
Exit water using ladder, steps or side	Demonstrate, independently, in chest-deep water	WE3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Breath Control and Submergin	g		
Bobbing	Demonstrate, independently, at least 5 times	BC5	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2 SWS, Ch5
Opening eyes under water and retrieving submerged objects	Demonstrate, independently, in chest-deep water	BC5	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
Buoyancy on Front			
Front glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	FF4; BC5	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
Front float	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, for at least 3 seconds	FF4	
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, in chest-deep water	CBP4	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Buoyancy on Back			•
Back glide	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 2 body lengths	BF4	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Back float	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 15 seconds	BF4	
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, in chest-deep water	CBP4	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
Changing Direction and Position and Treading			
Roll from front to back	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
Roll from back to front	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBP3	
Using arm and leg actions	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 15 seconds, in shoulder-deep water	CBO4	
Turn around	Demonstrate, with or without assistance	CBO3 or 4	

Swim on Front			
Combined arm and leg actions on front	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMF4 or 5	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Swim on Back	•		
Finning arm action	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMB3 or 4	WSIM, Ch8, PSA2
Combined arm and leg actions on back	Demonstrate, with or without assistance, at least 3 body lengths	CMB2 or 3	WSIM, Ch8, PSA1
Water Safety			
Staying safe around aquatic environments	Discuss		SWS, Ch2; WSIM, Ch4; LWT
Recognizing the lifeguards	Discuss		]
Don't just pack it, wear your jacket	Discuss/demonstrate		
Recognizing an emergency	Discuss		]
How to call for help	Discuss/demonstrate		
Too much sun is no fun	Discuss		

#### Exit Skills Assessment

All Preschool Aquatics Level 2 exit skills may be performed with or without assistance. A position of safety could be hanging on the wall or exiting the water.

- Glide on front at least 2 body lengths (BC5; FF4), roll to back (CBP3), float on back for 15 seconds (BG4/5), recover to a vertical position, (CBP3) then travel to a position of safety.
- Glide on back for at least 2 body lengths (BF4), roll to front (CBP3), then recover to a vertical position (CBP3) then travel to a position of safety
- Swim using combined arm and leg actions on front for at least 3 body lengths (CMF3), roll to back (CBP3), float on back for 15 seconds (BF5), roll to front (CBP3), continue swimming on front for at least 3 body lengths, (CMF3) then travel to a position of safety

Page | 7

Property of the American Red Cross - Not for Distribution



### **Component Sequence Charts**



# Water Entry

#### Water Entry Component Sequence (WE)

If a swimmer demonstrates	Then that swimmer may be ready to
1. No voluntary entry	<ul> <li>Sit on deck, dangle feet in water, gently splash</li> <li>Be lifted in by instructor/ caregiver</li> <li>Climb in over side or walk down steps while holding caregiver or instructor hand</li> </ul>
2. Caregiver- or flotation-supported feet-first entry	<ul><li>Practice getting in and out of pool over the side</li><li>Step in while holding caregiver or instructor hand</li></ul>
3. Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry	<ul> <li>Practice different ways to jump in with minimal assistance in both shallow and deeper water</li> <li>Slide in on stomach with support or assistance</li> </ul>

Water Entry (WE) Levels	Possible Games, Songs, Rhymes to Promote WE
No voluntary entry	<ul><li>Caregiver/Instructor lift into pool or walk in together</li><li>Caregiver/child partner sit and slide in</li></ul>
Caregiver- <u>or</u> flotation- supported feet-first entry	<ul> <li>Caregiver/child partner step in holding hands*</li> <li>"Humpty Dumpty"</li> <li>"Jack Be Nimble"</li> <li>Children in the Pool (Tune of "Farmer in the Dell")</li> <li>Imagination</li> <li>Caregiver/child partner jump</li> </ul>
Unassisted voluntary feet- first entry	<ul> <li>Chop Chop Timber!</li> <li>Hoop Jumping</li> <li>Jump and Turn</li> <li>Jump plus Rocket Ship Launch (push off bottom)</li> </ul>

\* See Aquatic Readiness games



### Water Exit

#### Water Exit Component Sequence (WX)

If a swimmer demonstrates	Then that swimmer may be ready to
1. No voluntary exit demonstrated	• Be lifted out by instructor/caregiver
	<ul> <li>Walk up down steps or ramp while holding caregiver's hand</li> </ul>
	Crawl out in zero depth water
2. Caregiver-supported exit to pool side	• Practice getting out of pool over the side or up stairs or ramp holding on to railing with assistance by caregiver or instructor
3. Flotation-supported or caregiver- assisted exit to pool side	<ul> <li>Climb out of pool over the side with minimal caregiver support</li> <li>Walk up stairs or ramp independently</li> </ul>
4. Independent exit to pool side	• Explore different ways to climb out of pool at different places in the pool (shallow, deep water, ladders)
5. Independent exit to pool side <u>and</u> exit from pool (over side, up stairs/ladder or ramp or ladder)	• Practice feet-first entry into pool, return to side, and exit the water at different parts of the pool

Water Exit (WX) Levels	Possible Games, Songs, Rhymes to Promote WX
No voluntary exit demonstrated	<ul><li>Lift out/walk out together</li><li>"Up, up, and away" game with caregiver assist</li></ul>
Caregiver-supported exit to pool side	<ul><li>"Turn Around Game" (on deck)</li><li>"Up, up, and away" game using noodle or flotation</li></ul>
Flotation-supported or caregiver- assisted exit to pool side	<ul><li>"Turn Around Game" (in water)</li><li>"Up, Up, and Away" game without flotation</li></ul>
Independent exit to pool side	• "Rocket ship blast off" in water from side, turn, and back to wall followed by "Up, up, and away game"
Independent exit to pool side and exit from pool	• "Jump into my circle" followed by turning around, coming back to side and playing "Up, up, and away game"



## **Breath Control**

|--|

If a swimmer demonstrates	Then that swimmer may be ready to
1. Reflexive breath holding when face is voluntarily submerged	<ul> <li>Mimic face submersion by caregiver; put chin and mouth in water</li> <li>Play <i>Magic Candle</i> w/ finger</li> <li>Wash face with wet cloth</li> </ul>
2. Allowing water voluntarily in and/or around mouth resulting in shipping or spouting	<ul> <li>Practice "whale spouting" or blowing bubbles</li> <li>Wash face</li> <li>Sprinkle water over the head to acclimate to water</li> </ul>
3. Voluntary partial facial submersion (mouth or nose)	• Practice submerging different parts of head
4. Voluntary full head submersion	• Prolong submersion to several seconds; do repeated brief submersions
5. Repeated voluntary submersion/ short periods of breath-holding	• Combine repeated submersions with activities (e.g., walking, bouncing, floating, gliding)
6. Extended voluntary breath- holding and/or repeated rhythmic breathing with skill	• Practice rhythmic and rotary breathing with various strokes starting w/ 1 cycle and then add more cycles of stroke

Breath Control (BC) Levels	Possible Games, Songs, Rhymes to Promote BC							
1. Reflexive breath holding when face is	Washcloth Play*							
voluntarily submerged	<ul> <li>It's Raining, It's Pouring*</li> </ul>							
2. Allowing water voluntarily in and/or	<ul> <li>Look and Listen (Fish Talk)*</li> </ul>							
around mouth resulting in shipping or	Whale spouting*							
spouting	<ul> <li>Bobbing*</li> </ul>							
3. Voluntary partial facial submersion	Magic Candle*							
(mouth or nose)	"London Bridge"							
	Baby Dolphin							
Voluntary full head submersion	Pop Goes the Weasel/ Jack in the Box							
	Treasure Hunt							
	Flower Garden*							
	Buddy Bobbing							
5. Repeated voluntary submersion/ short	Treasure Hunt							
periods of breath-holding	Water Push Ball							
	Tea Party							
	Disappearing Fish Game							
6. Extended voluntary breath-holding and/or	Submarine							
repeated rhythmic breathing	<ul> <li>Drop the Puck (Water Duck, Duck, Goose)</li> </ul>							
	Charlie Over the Water							

*tic Readiness* ga iqu



## **Back Buoyancy/Flotation**

### Back (Supine) Buoyancy/Flotation Component Sequence (BF)

If a swimmer demonstrates	Then that swimmer may be ready to
1. No back flotation demonstrated	• Practice assisted back float w/caregiver or using side
2. Back flotation with caregiver/instructor support	<ul> <li>Practice assisted back float with different flotation devices</li> <li>Practice recovery to vertical to stand up from back float with assist</li> </ul>
3. Back flotation with instructional flotation device support	• Brief unsupported back floats (use wall) and recover to vertical (with assist if needed)
4. Momentary (1-3 seconds) voluntary back flotation	• Extend back float to 5+ seconds in various depths of water, w/ & without assist or support
5. Independent (>3 seconds) voluntary back flotation	• Extend back float with different body inclinations and recover to vertical + roll over without assist

Back Float (BF) Levels	Possible Games, Songs, Rhymes to Promote BF
No back flotation demonstrated	<ul> <li>Limbo* – on deck and in water with adult support</li> </ul>
	Twinkle Twinkle Little Star
	The Best Log
Back flotation with	<ul> <li>In-Water Limbo* (in shallow water or at pool side)</li> </ul>
caregiver/instructor support	Float like a Boat
	• Be an airplane or a butterfly and stretch out wings (arms)
	Gingerbread Cookie Float
Back flotation with instructional	Airplane
flotation device support	Water Limbo*
	"Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star"
	Imagination
	Merry-Go-Round
	Be a leaf floating on a pond
	• Pretend it is nighttime and quietly count the stars (lights)
Momentary (1-3 seconds)	Musical Kickboards
voluntary back flotation	Rocket Ship
Independent (>3 seconds)	Rocket Ship
voluntary back flotation	Log Tag
* See Aquatic Readiness games	

American Red Cross Training Services

## **Change in Body Orientation**

#### Change in Body Orientation (turning around) Component Sequence (CBO)

If a swimmer demonstrates	Then that swimmer may be ready to
1. No change in body orientation demonstrated	• Practice turning around with caregiver/instructor support and assist
2. Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation (turning around) change	• Turn around toward pool side while using different flotation devices
3. Body orientation (turning around) change while supported by instructional flotation device	• Turn toward and away from side with minimum assist—may use bottom or side of pool to independently turn around
4. Independent voluntary body orientation (turning around) chang	• Practice turning toward and away from side in different directions with no assist for >5- 10 sec

Change in Body Orientation (CBO) Levels	Possible Games, Songs, Rhymes to Promote CBO
No change in body orientation demonstrated	• Turn Around game (on deck and at side with adult)*
Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation (turning around) change	<ul> <li>Turn Around game (with adult support)*</li> <li>Do Si Do – Turn Your Partner*</li> </ul>
Body orientation (turning around) change while supported by instructional flotation device	<ul> <li>Turn Around game*</li> <li>Ride 'em Cowboy(girl) – using noodle*</li> </ul>
Independent voluntary body orientation (turning around) change	<ul><li>Hoop Jumping</li><li>Jump and Tum</li></ul>

\* See Aquatic Readiness or other games



### **Typical (A) Course Skills Checklists**





Clear Form

#### **SKILLS CHECKLIST**

### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1

1											
Instructor's Name:											
	a a										
	s Na										
	ant	ξo	۲o	Ξo	Σo	Σo	ž o	ξo	Σo	μ	ξo
Date:	ticip	HIL	ARE	HIL	HIL	ARE	ARE	<b>R</b> E	HIL	ARE	HIL
	Раг	-	2.6	е. С	4	5. F	9. P	2.5	8	9.9	10. F
Hug position											
Chin support											
Shoulder support on front											
Cuddle position											
Hip straddle											
Shoulder support on side											
Cueing											
Getting wet with toys											
Getting wet kicking											
Enter water by lifting in											
Enter water by walking in											
Out-of-water exploration											
In-water exploration											
Exit water by lifting out											

Instructor's Name: Participant's Name Date: Exit water by walking out Exit water using a ladder Blow bubbles on the surface Blow bubbles with mouth and nose submerged Underwater exploration Submerge mouth, nose and eyes Front glide Back glide Back float Roll from front to back Roll from back to front Passing from instructor to parent Leg action on front Leg action on back Safety Topics The importance of wearing a life jacket How to call for help and the importance of knowing first aid and CPR Basic water safety rules General water safety around the home Recreational water illnesses Sun safety

©2014 American Red Cross | Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1 Skills Checklist | 1

©2014 American Red Cross | Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1 Skills Checklist | 2





Clear Form

**SKILLS CHECKLIST** 

### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2

Instructor's Name:											
	Ð										
	Nam										
	ants	ξo	Ξo	1z o	1z o	1z o	1z o	Ξo	1z o	L o	ž۵
Date:	urticip	PARE									
	ñ	÷	5	ю́	4.	ъ,	é	2	œ	ര്	<b>6</b>
Hip support on front											
Hip support on back											
Back support											
Arm stroke position											
Enter water from a seated position											
Enter water from a seated position—rolling over and sliding in											
Enter water by stepping or jumping in											
Enter water using a ladder											
Enter water using steps or ramp											
In-water exploration (in shallow water)											
Exit water using side of pool											
Exit water using steps or ramp											
Exit water using a ladder											
Open eyes and retrieve objects below the surface											
Open eyes and retrieve submerged objects											

©2014 American Red Cross | Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2 Skills Checklist | 1

Instructor's Name:											
	nt's Name	_	-	F	F	F	F	-	F	F	-
Date:	Participa	1. PAREN CHILD	2. PAREN CHILD	3. PAREN CHILD	4. PAREN CHILD	5. PAREN CHILD	6. PAREN CHILD	7. PAREN CHILD	8. PAREN CHILD	9. PAREN CHILD	10. PAREN CHILD
Bobbing											
Front glide											
Front glide to the wall											
Front float											
Back glide											
Back float											
Roll from front to back											
Roll from back to front											
Passing from instructor to parent											
Drafting with breathing											
Leg action on front—alternating or simultaneous movements											
Arm action on front—alternating or simultaneous movements											
Combined arm and leg actions on front with brea	thing										
Leg action on back—alternating or simultaneous movements											
Arm action on back—alternating or simultaneous movements											
Combined arm and leg actions on back											
Safety Topics											
Wearing a life jacket in the water											
Reaching assists											
Basic water safety rules review											
Safety at the beach and at the waterpark											
Water toys and their limitations											

©2014 American Red Cross | Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2 Skills Checklist | 2




**SKILLS CHECKLIST** 

### Preschool Aquatics Level 1

									Cle	ar Fo	rm
Instructor's Name:											
	nt's Name										
Date:	rticipaı										
	Ра	÷	6	ė	4	5.	ö	7.	ø	ര്	10
Enter water using ramp, steps or side											
Exit water using ladder, steps or side											
Blow bubbles, 3 seconds											
Submerge mouth, nose and eyes											
Open eyes underwater and retrieve submerged objects (in shallow water)											
Front glide, 2 body lengths											
Recover from a front glide to a vertical position											
Back glide, 2 body lengths											
Back float, 3 seconds											
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical po	sition										
Roll from front to back											
Roll from back to front											
Arm and hand treading actions (in chest-deep wa	ater)										

Instructor's Name:											
Date:	ticipant's Name										
	Par	÷	5.	ė	4	5.	6.	7.	ø	6	10.
Alternating leg action on front, 2 body lengths											
Simultaneous leg action on front, 2 body lengths											
Alternating arm action on front, 2 body lengths											
Simultaneous arm action on front, 2 body lengths											
Combined arm and leg actions on front, 2 body len	gths										
Alternating leg action on back, 2 body lengths											
Simultaneous leg action on back, 2 body lengths											
Alternating arm action on back, 2 body lengths											
Simultaneous arm action on back, 2 body lengths											
Combined arm and leg actions on back, 2 body len	gths										
Safety Topics											
Staying safe around water											
Recognizing the lifeguards											
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket											
Recognizing an emergency											
How to call for help											
Too Much Sun Is No Fun											
Exit Skills Assessment*											
<ol> <li>Enter independently, using either the ramp, steps side, travel at least 5 yards, submerge to mouth blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds, then safely the water. (Children can walk, move along the qu</li> </ol>	s or and exit itter										

 While in shallow water, glide on front for at least 2 body lengths, then roll to back and float on back for 3 seconds, then recover to a vertical position.

or "swim.")

\* All Preschool Aquatics Level 1 skills can be performed with support.

©2014 American Red Cross | Preschool Aquatics Level 1 Skills Checklist | 1

©2014 American Red Cross | Preschool Aquatics Level 1 Skills Checklist | 2





### **SKILLS CHECKLIST**

### Preschool Aquatics Level 2

									Cle	ar Fo	n
Instructor's Name:	ıt's Name										
Date:	Participar	÷	2.	з.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
Enter water by stepping in from the deck or low height (in shoulder-deep water)											
Exit water using ladder, steps or side (in chest-deep water)											
Bobbing, 5 times											
Open eyes underwater and retrieve submerged objects (in chest-deep water)											
Front glide, 2 body lengths											
Front float, 3 seconds											
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position (in chest-deep water)											
Back glide, 2 body lengths											
Back float, 5 seconds											
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position											
Roll from front to back											
Roll from back to front											

Instructor's Name:										
	n t's Name									
Date:	icipa									
	Part	÷	5.	e	4.	5.	°.	7.	ő	10.
Tread water using arm and leg actions, 15 seconds (in shoulder-deep water)										
Combined arm and leg actions on front, 3 body lengths										
Finning arm action on back, 3 body lengths										
Combined arm and leg actions on back, 3 body lengths										
Safety Topics										
Staying safe around water										
Recognizing the lifeguards										
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket										
Recognizing an emergency										
How to call for help										
Too Much Sun Is No Fun										
Exit Skills Assessment*										
1. Glide on front for at least 2 body lengths, roll to back, float on back for 15 seconds, then recover to a vertical position.										
2. Glide on back for at least 2 body lengths, roll to front, then recover to a vertical position.										
<ol> <li>Swim using combined arm and leg actions on front for 3 body lengths, roll to back, float for 15 seconds, roll to front, then continue swimming on front for 3 body lengths.</li> </ol>										

\* All Preschool Aquatics Level 2 skills can be performed with assistance.

©2014 American Red Cross | Preschool Aquatics Level 2 Skills Checklist | 1

©2014 American Red Cross | Preschool Aquatics Level 2 Skills Checklist | 2



# Modified (B) Course Skills Checklists





### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1

Instructor Name:										
Date:	Pair #	Pair#	Pair #							
Hug position										
Chin support										
Shoulder support on front										
Cuddle										
Hip straddle										
Shoulder support on side										
Cueing										
Getting wet with toys										
Getting wet kicking										
Enter water by lifting in										
Enter water from a seated position – rolling over and sliding in										
Enter water by walking in										
Out-of-water exploration										
In-water exploration										
Hanging on to side of pool										
Exit water by lifting out										
Exit water by walking out										
Exit water using a ladder										
Blowing bubbles on the surface, 3 seconds										

1

Date:11	Instructor Name:										
Blowing bubbles with mouth and nose submerged, 3 secondsImage:	Date:	Pair #									
Underwater explorationImage: secondsImage: seconds <t< td=""><td>Blowing bubbles with mouth and nose submerged, 3 seconds</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Blowing bubbles with mouth and nose submerged, 3 seconds										
Submerging mouth, nose and eyes, 3 secondsImage: SecondsImage: Seconds<	Underwater exploration										
Front float, 2 body lengthsImage: state s	Submerging mouth, nose and eyes, 3 seconds										
Front glideImage: state	Front float, 2 body lengths										
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical positionImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsBack float, 3 secondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsBack glide, 2 body lengthsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsRecover from a back float or glide to a vertical positionImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsRoll from front to backImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsRoll from back to frontImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsTurn toward pool sideImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsPassing from instructor to parentImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsImage: SecondsArm action on front, 2 body lengthsImage: SecondsImage: S	Front glide										
Back float, 3 secondsImage: Second secon	Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position										
Back glide, 2 body lengthsImage: Constraint of the constrai	Back float, 3 seconds										
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position       Image: Second Sec	Back glide, 2 body lengths										
Roll from front to backImage: Sector of the sec	Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position										
Roll from back to frontImage: Constraint of the state of t	Roll from front to back										
Turn toward pool sideImage: Sector of the secto	Roll from back to front										
Passing from instructor to parent       Image: Construct to parent	Turn toward pool side										
Leg action on front, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body	Passing from instructor to parent										
Arm action on front, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on front, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on front, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body l	Leg action on front, 2 body lengths										
Combined movement on front, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 b	Arm action on front, 2 body lengths										
Leg action on back, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body leng	Combined movement on front, 2 body lengths										
Arm action on back, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body leng	Leg action on back, 2 body lengths										
Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths         Safety Topics       Safety Topics         The importance of wearing a life jacket       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths         How to call for help & the importance of knowing first aid and CPR       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths         Basic water safety rules       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths         General water safety around the home       Image: Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths	Arm action on back, 2 body lengths										
Safety Topics         The importance of wearing a life jacket       Image: Colspan="3">Image: Colspan="3" Image: Colspan="3">Image: Colspan="3" Image: Colspan="3"	Combined movement on back, 2 body lengths										
The importance of wearing a life jacket     Image: Constraint of the life importance of knowing first aid and CPR       Basic water safety rules     Image: Constraint of the life importance of knowing first aid and CPR       General water safety around the home     Image: Constraint of the life importance of knowing first aid and CPR	Safety Topics			_							_
How to call for help & the importance of knowing first aid and CPR       Image: CPR         Basic water safety rules       Image: CPR         General water safety around the home       Image: CPR	The importance of wearing a life jacket										
Basic water safety rules General water safety around the home	How to call for help & the importance of knowing first aid and CPR										
General water safety around the home	Basic water safety rules										
	General water safety around the home										

2



Continued on next slide

### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1 Continued from Previous Slide

Instructor Name: Date:	Pair#	Pair#	Pair #	Pair #	Pair#	Pair #	Pair #	Pair #	Pair #	Pair#
Recreational water illnesses										
Sun safety										
Exit Skills Assessments*										
<ol> <li>Enter water using either the ramp, steps or side, travel at least 2 body lengths, submerge to mouth and blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds, then safely exit the water**</li> </ol>										
<ol> <li>Start in the water with support from the adult, travel at least 2 body lengths using the combined movement on front to get to the side, then safely exit the water.</li> </ol>										

\*All Parent and Child Aquatics Level 1 exit skills can be performed with support or assistance as appropriate. \*\*Children can walk, move along the gutter or "swim."



### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2

Instructor Name:										
Date:	Pair #	Pair #	Pair #	Pair #	Pair#	Pair#	Pair #	Pair#	Pair #	Pair #
Hip support on front										
Hip support on back										
Back support										
Arm stroke position										
Enter water from a seated position										
Enter water from a seated position—rolling over and sliding in										
Enter water by stepping or jumping in										
Enter water using a ladder										
Enter water using stairs or ramp										
In-water exploration (in shallow water)										
Exit water using side of pool										
Exit water using steps or ramp										
Exit water using a ladder										
Open eyes and retrieve objects below the surface										
Open eyes and retrieve submerged objects										
Bobbing, 5 times										
Front glide, 2 body lengths										
Front glide to the wall, 2 body lengths										
Front front, 3 seconds										
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical										
	-	5			•					

American Red Cross

Instructor Name:										
Date:	Pair #	Pair #	Dair #	Dair #	Pair #	air#				
position	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Back glide, 2 body lengths										
Back float, 10 seconds										
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position										
Roll from front to back										
Roll from back to front										
Turn toward side of pool										
Passing from instructor to parent										
Drafting with breathing										
Leg action on front—alternating or simultaneous movements, 3 body lengths										
Arm action on front—alternating or simultaneous movements, 3 body lengths										
Combined arm and leg actions on front with breathing, 3 body lengths										
Leg action on back—alternating or simultaneous movements, 3 body lengths										
Arm action on back—alternating or simultaneous movements, 3 body lengths										
Combined arm and leg actions on back, 3 body lengths										
Water Safety										
Wearing a life jacket in the water										
Reaching assists										
Basic water safety rules review										
Safety at the beach and at the waterpark										
Water toys and their limitations										
Exit Skills Assessments*										
<ol> <li>Enter water, glide on front at least 2 body lengths, roll to back, float on back for 10 seconds recover to a vertical position</li> </ol>										



Continued on next slide

### Parent and Child Aquatics Level 2 Continued from Previous Slide

In	structor Name:										
Da	ste:	Pair #									
	then travel to a position of safety.										
2.	Glide on back for at least 2 body lengths, roll to front, recover to a vertical position, then travel to a position of safety.										
3.	Swim using combined arm and leg actions on front for at least 3 body lengths, roll to back, <b>float for 5 seconds</b> , roll to front, continue swimming on front for at least 3 body lengths, then travel to a position of safety.										

\*All Parent Child Aquatics Level 2 exit skills may be performed with assistance or independently as appropriate. A position of safety could be hanging on the wall or exiting the water.





### **Preschool Aquatics Level 1**

Child #	Child #	Child #	Child #
	Cpild #	Child # Child	Child # Child and an an an and an

Instructor Name:						
Date:	Child #					
Simultaneous leg action on back, 2 body lengths						
Alternating arm action on back, 2 body lengths						
Simultaneous arm action on back, 2 body lengths						
Combined arm and leg actions on back, 2 body lengths						
Water Safety						
Staying safe around aquatic environments						
Recognizing the lifeguards						
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket						
Recognizing an emergency						
How to call for help						
Too Much Sun Is No Fun						
Exit Skills Assessment*						
<ol> <li>Enter independently, using either the ramp, steps or side, travel* at least 5 yards, submerge to mouth and blow bubbles for at least 3 seconds then safely exit the water.</li> </ol>						
<ol> <li>While in shallow water, glide on front at least 2 body lengths, then roll to back and float on back for 3 seconds then recover to a vertical position.</li> </ol>						

\*All Preschool Aquatics Level 1 exit skills can be performed with support or assistance as appropriate. A position of safety could be hanging on the wall or exiting the water.

\*\*Children can walk, move along the gutter or "swim."





### **Preschool Aquatics Level 2**

Instructor Name:						
Date:	child #					
Enter water by stepping in from deck or low height (in shoulder-deep water)	Ū					
After entering, turn around and face the wall (entry pt)						
Exit water using ladder, steps or side (in chest-deep water)						
Bobbing, 5 times						
Opening eyes under water and retrieving submerged objects, (in chest-deep water)						
Front glide, 2 body lengths						
Front float, 3 seconds						
Recover from a front float or glide to a vertical position						
Back glide, 2 body lengths						
Back float, 15 seconds						
Recover from a back float or glide to a vertical position						
Roll from front to back						
Roll from back to front						
Tread water using arm and leg actions, 15 seconds (in shoulder-deep water)						
Turn around						
Combined arm and leg actions on front, 3 body lengths						
Finning arm action on back, at least 3 body lengths						
Combined arm and leg actions on back, 3 body lengths						

11

Ins	structor Name:						
Da	te:	Child #					
Wa	ater Safety						
Sta	aying safe around aquatic environments						
Re	cognizing the lifeguards						
Don't Just Pack It, Wear Your Jacket							
Recognizing an emergency							
Ho	w to call for help						
То	o Much Sun Is No Fun						
Exit Skills Assessment*							
1.	Glide on front at least 2 body lengths, roll to back, float on back for 15 seconds, recover to a vertical position then travel to a position of safety.						
2.	Glide on back for at least 2 body lengths, roll to front, then recover to a vertical position, then travel to a position of safety.						
3.	Swim using combined arm and leg actions on front for at least 3 body lengths, roll to back (CBP3), float on back for 15 seconds, roll to front, continue swimming on front for at least 3 body lengths, then travel to a position of safety						

\*All Preschool Aquatics Level 2 exit skills may be performed with assistance or independently as appropriate. A position of safety could be hanging on the wall or exiting the water.

12



# **Appendix B: Data Collection Tools**

Pre-Participation Parent Surveys Water Competence Assessment Form Post-Participation Parent Surveys



# **Pre-Participation Parent Survey – Parent and Child Aquatics**

### Parent and Child Aquatics Pre-Participation Survey

Child	rs Name:					-			Very comfortabl
Date	of Birth:		Level:	1	2				Somewhat comf
Gen	der: Please circle.								<ul> <li>Somewhat unco</li> <li>Very uncomforta</li> </ul>
	Male	Female	Non-binary					8.	As a parent/caregive all that apply.
1. H C C C	Transgender low would you rate you Non-Swimmer Beginner swimmer Intermediate swimme Advanced swimmer	Other ur swimming a ner (comfortab (can swim mu	Prefer not to answer bility? Please check one. le and/or safe in deep water ultiple strokes efficiently)	)					<ul> <li>How to properly</li> <li>Learn basic wat</li> <li>How and when 1</li> <li>How to determin</li> <li>How to select, p</li> <li>How to perform</li> </ul>
2. H	low would you rate you Non-Swimmer	ur child's swim	ming ability? Please check	one.				9.	At the end of this se able to do the follow device? Select all th
	Beginner swimmer Intermediate swimm Advanced swimmer	ner							Enter the water     Float on font     Float on back     Submerge and c
3. H C	las your child ever par ne and enter the numb	ticipated in gro per.	oup swim lessons before thi	s sessior	1? Ple	ase check			<ul> <li>Turn around to f</li> <li>Paddle on the fr</li> </ul>
	l <u>Xes</u> Ifyes ⊨No	s, how many c	lasses (in other words, how	many da	ays? _				<ul> <li>Paddle on the base</li> <li>Exit the water</li> </ul>
4. H	las your child ever part	ticipated in pri	vate swim lessons? Check	one and	enter	he number.			
	l Xes. Ifyes ∣No	s, how many c	lasses?						Than
5. V e C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Vhat types of bodies of xperience with? Select Residential pools Inflatable/Portable p Neighborhood pool Splashpad Waterpark Pond or Lake Ocean	i water does y t all that apply bool	our child have easy and reg	ular acce	ess to	and			
6.V	Vhich of the following s ssistance from an adu	kills can your It or a flotation	child perform in the water w device? Check all that app	ithout su ly.	pport	or			
	Enter the water Float on font Float on back Submerge and cont Turn around to face Paddle on the front	rol breathing, different direc	such as blowing bubbles or tions or turn over from front	holding t	their b	reath			

- Paddle on the back
- Exit the water

Obild's Marrie

- 7. As a parent/caregiver, how comfortable are you helping your child learn these skills? Select one.
  - le
  - fortable
  - omfortable
  - able
- ver, what do you expect to learn during this set of swim lessons? Select
  - supervise and maintain safe behavior around water
  - ter safety information
  - to use holding and support techniques for my young child
  - ne child's readiness to try basic skills and support their learning
  - properly fit and use a life jacket
  - basic water rescue skills, such as reaching and throwing assists
- ession, which of the following skills do you expect that your child will be ving skills without support or assistance from an adult or a flotation nat apply.
  - control breathing, such as blowing bubbles or holding their breath
  - face different directions or turn over from front to back
    - ront
  - ack

nk you for your participation in this research study!



# **Pre-Participation Parent Survey – Preschool Aquatics**

Ch	Preschool Aquatics Pre-Participation Survey	<ol><li>As a parent/caregiver, how com one.</li></ol>
Da	te of Birth:	Very comfortable
Ge	nder: Please circle.	<ul> <li>Somewhat comortable</li> <li>Somewhat uncomfortable</li> </ul>
	Male Female Non-binary	Very uncomfortable
	Transgender Other Prefer not to answer	<ol><li>As a parent/caregiver, what do of swim lessons? Check all that</li></ol>
1.	How would you rate your swimming ability? Please check one.  Non-Swimmer Beginner swimmer Intermediate swimmer (comfortable and/or safe in deep water) Advanced swimmer (can swim multiple strokes efficiently)	<ul> <li>How to properly supervise</li> <li>Learn basic water safety</li> <li>How and when to use he</li> <li>How to determine child'</li> <li>How to select, properly fi</li> <li>How to perform basic water</li> </ul>
2.	How would you rate your child's swimming ability? Check one.  Non-Swimmer Beginner swimmer Intermediate swimmer Advanced swimmer	<ul> <li>9. At the end of this session, which able to do without support or as apply.</li> <li>Enter the water</li> <li>Eloat on font</li> </ul>
3.	Has your child ever participated in group swim lessons before this session? Check one and enter the number.	<ul> <li>Float on Kint</li> <li>Float on back</li> <li>Submerge and control b</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Yes If yes, how many classes (in other words, how many days)?</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Furn around to face diffe</li> <li>Paddle on the front</li> <li>Paddle on the back</li> </ul>
4.	Has your child ever participated in private swim lessons? Check one and enter the number.	Exit the water
	□ Yes If yes, how many classes?	10. What water safety information d
5.	What types of bodies of water does your child have easy and regular access to and experience with? Check all that apply.	Essons / Check all that apply. □ Staying safe around aqu □ How to recognize the life
	Residential pools       Inflatable/Portable pool         Neighborhood pool       Splashpad         Waterpark       Pond or Lake         Ocean	<ul> <li>When and how to wear I</li> <li>How to recognize an em</li> <li>Sun safety</li> </ul>
6.	Check which skills your child can perform in the water without support or assistance from an adult or a flotation device. Check all that apply.	Thank you for y
	<ul> <li>Enter the water</li> <li>Float on font</li> <li>Float on back</li> <li>Submerge and control breathing, such as blowing bubbles or holding their breath</li> <li>Turn around to face different directions or turn over from front to back</li> <li>Paddle on the front</li> <li>Paddle on the back</li> <li>Exit the water</li> </ul>	

- nfortable are you helping your child learn these skills? Check

  - le
- you expect to learn while your child is participating in this set apply.
  - se and maintain safe behavior around water
  - / information
  - olding and support techniques for my young child
  - s readiness to try basic skills and support their learning
  - fit and use a life jacket
  - ater rescue skills, such as reaching and throwing assists
- h of the following skills do you expect that your child will be ssistance from an adult or a flotation device? Check all that
  - preathing, such as blowing bubbles or holding their breath
  - erent directions or turn over from front to back
- do you expect your child to learn during this set of swim
  - atic environments
  - eguards
  - life jackets
  - nergency and call for help

our participation in this research study!



## Water Competence Assessment Form

Child #:

### Class (circle): PCA PSA Curriculum (circle): A B

#### Water Entry Component Sequence (WE)

- 1. No voluntary entry demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver- or flotation-supported feet-first entry
- 3. Unassisted voluntary feet-first entry

### Water Exit Component Sequence (WX)

- 1. No voluntary exit demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver-supported exit to pool side
- 3. Flotation-supported or caregiver-assisted exit to pool side
- 4. Independent exit to pool side
- 5. Independent exit to pool side and exit from pool (over side, up stairs or ramp or ladder)

#### Breath Control Component Sequence (BC)

- 1. Reflexive breath holding when face is voluntarily submerged
- 2. Allowing water voluntarily in and/or around mouth resulting in shipping or spouting
- 3. Voluntary partial facial submersion (mouth and/or nose)
- 4. Voluntary full head submersion
- 5. Repeated voluntary submersion/ breath-holding in water
- 6. Extended voluntary breath holding and/or repeated rhythmic breathing with water safety skills

#### Back (Supine) Buoyancy/Flotation Component Sequence (BF)

- 1. No back flotation demonstrated
- 2. Back flotation with caregiver/instructor support
- 3. Back flotation with instructional flotation device support
- 4. Momentary (1-3 sec.) voluntary back flotation
- 5. Independent (>3 sec.) voluntary back flotation

#### Change in Body Orientation (turning around while vertical) Component Sequence (CBO)

- 1. No change in body orientation demonstrated
- 2. Caregiver/instructor-supported body orientation change (turning around)
- 3. Body orientation change (turning around) while supported by flotation device
- 4. Independent voluntary body orientation change (turning around)

### Aquatic Readiness and Water Competence Assessment Profile

Component	WE (3)	WX (5)	BC (6)	BF (5)	CBO (4)
+ # of levels					
Pre- Level #					
achieved					
Post- Level #					
achieved					
Change in levels					
(+ or - )					

# Post-Participation Parent Survey – Parent and Child Aquatics

#### Parent and Child Aquatics Demographic Information

Do you consider yourself to be part of the Latinx population (Hispanic/Spanish/Latino descent)?

- Yes
- No
- Prefer not to answer

Do you consider your child that participated in these swim lessons to be part of the Latinx population?

- I Yes
- □ No
- Prefer not to answer

What race/ethnicity do you consider yourself?

- White [or European-American]
- Black [or African-American]
- Native American or Alaska Native
- Asian-American or Pacific Islander
- Other (please indicate here).
- Prefer not to answer

What race/ethnicity do you consider your child?

- White [or European-American]
- Black [or African-American]
- Native American or Alaska Native
- Asian-American or Pacific Islander
- Other (please indicate here)
- Prefer not to answer

Which of the following includes your TOTAL household annual income before taxes in 2019?

- No income in 2019
- Less than \$15,000
- \$15,000 \$24,999
- \$25,000 \$34,999
- \$35,000 \$44,999
- S45,999 \$54,999
- \$55,000 \$74,999
- \$75,999 \$99,000
- \$100,000 or more
- Prefer not to answer

How many people are supported by your household income, including you, your significant other (if you have one), children under your care, and anyone else partially or fully supported by this income whether or not they live with you?

Please continue to the other side to complete this survey.

#### Parent and Child Aquatics Post-Participation Survey

2

Child's Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Level: 1

- How many classes did your child attend during this set of lessons? Please circle.
   1-4 5-7 All 8 classes
- After having completed this set of lessons, which skills can your child perform in the water without support or assistance from an adult or a flotation device? Select all that apply.
  - Enter the water
  - Float on front
  - Float on back
  - Submerge and control breathing, such as blowing bubbles or holding their breath
  - Turn around to face different directions or turn over from front to back
  - Paddle on the front
  - Paddle on the back
  - Exit the water
- After having completed this set of lessons, how comfortable are you helping your child learn these skills? Select one.
  - Very comfortable
  - Somewhat comfortable
  - Somewhat uncomfortable
  - Very uncomfortable
- Which of the following did you learn during this set of swim lessons? Select all that apply.
  - How to properly supervise and maintain safe behavior around water
  - Learn basic water safety information
  - How and when to use holding and support techniques for my young child
  - How to determine child's readiness to try basic skills and support their learning
  - How to select, properly fit and use a life jacket
  - How to perform basic water rescue skills, such as reaching and throwing assists

5. How much progress did your child make compared with your expectations? Select one.

- Exceeded expectations
- Somewhat exceeded expectations
- Met expectations
- Somewhat failed to meet expectations
- Failed to meet to expectations
- Do you plan to enroll your child in another session of swim lessons this summer? Select one.
  - Yes
  - No

Thank you for your participation in this research study!



# Post-Participation Parent Survey – Preschool Aquatics

### Preschool Aquatics Demographic Information

Do you consider yourself to be part of the Latinx population (Hispanic/Spanish/Latino descent)?

- I Yes
- I No
- Prefer not to answer

Do you consider your child that participated in these swim lessons to be part of the Latinx population?

- Yes
- I No
- Prefer not to answer

What race/ethnicity do you consider yourself?

- White [or European-American]
- Black [or African-American]
- Native American or Alaska Native
- Asian-American or Pacific Islander
- Other (please indicate here)
- Prefer not to answer

What race/ethnicity do you consider your child?

- White [or European-American]
- Black [or African-American]
- Native American or Alaska Native
- Asian-American or Pacific Islander
- Other (please indicate here)
- Prefer not to answer

Which of the following includes your TOTAL household annual income before taxes in 2019?

- No income in 2019
- Less than \$15,000
- \$15,000 \$24,999
- \$25,000 \$34,999
- \$35,000 \$44,999
- \$45,999 \$54,999
- \$55,000 \$74,999
- □ \$75,999 \$99,000
- □ \$100,000 or more
- Prefer not to answer

How many people are supported by your household income, including you, your significant other (if you have one), children under your care, and anyone else partially or fully supported by this income whether or not they live with you?

Please continue to the other side to complete this survey.

### Preschool Aquatics Post-Participation Survey

Child's Name:

- How many classes did your child attend during this set of lessons? Please circle.
   1-4
   5-7
   All 8 classes
- After having completed this set of lessons, which skills can your child perform in the water without support or assistance from an adult or a flotation device? Select all that apply.
  - Enter the water
  - Float on front
  - Float on back
  - Submerge and control breathing, such as blowing bubbles or holding their breath
  - Turn around to face different directions or turn over from front to back
  - Paddle on the front
  - Paddle on the back
  - Exit the water
- Which water safety information did your child learn during this set of swim lessons? Select all that apply.
  - Staying safe around aquatic environments
  - How to recognize the lifeguards
  - When and how to wear life jackets
  - How to recognize an emergency and call for help
  - Sun safety
  - My child didn't learn any of these
- 4. Which of the following did you learn during this set of swim lessons? Select all that
- apply.
  - How to properly supervise and maintain safe behavior around water
  - Learn basic water safety information
  - How and when to use holding and support techniques for my young child
  - How to determine child's readiness to try basic skills and support their learning
  - How to select, properly fit and use a life jacket
  - How to perform basic water rescue skills, such as reaching and throwing assists
  - I didn't learn any of these
- 5. How much progress did your child make compared with your expectations? Select one.
  - Exceeded expectations
  - Somewhat exceeded expectations
  - Met expectations
  - Somewhat failed to meet expectations
  - Failed to meet to expectations
- Do you plan to enroll your child in another session of swim lessons this summer? Select one.
  - I Yes
  - I No

Thank you for your participation in this research study!





