Extreme Heat is Deadly

Protect yourself, loved ones and neighbors.

Take Action



Stay Hydrated

- Drink a cup of water every 20 minutes, even if you don't feel thirsty.
- Avoid sugary, caffeinated and alcoholic drinks.
- Check your urine color dark yellow means you need to drink more water.



Stay Cool

- Spend time in air-conditioned places.
- If your home is too hot, go to a mall, library or cooling center.
- Being in the shade outside might be cooler than staying in a home without air conditioning.
- Take cool showers or baths.



- Talk to your doctor about ways to stay safe. Heat can be more dangerous if you're pregnant, have a health condition or take medicine.
- **Sign up** for free local emergency alerts.
- Check on your loved ones and neighbors. Remind them to stay hydrated and cool.

Know Who's at Risk

Extreme heat is dangerous for anyone, but some people are more at risk of getting sick, including:

- Older adults
- Babies and young children
- Pregnant women
- People with chronic conditions or who take medicine
- People with disabilities
- People using drugs or alcohol
- Athletes and outdoor workers
- · People without air conditioning, experiencing homelessness or living alone



















Act Fast if You See Signs of Heat Illness

Heat illness happens when your body can't cool itself down properly.

Heat Cramps



Signs

- Heavy sweating
- Muscle pain
- Cramps

Take Action

- Stop, rest in a cool place and drink a cup of water

 or a sports drink –
 every 20 minutes.
- If you feel sick to your stomach, pause drinking.
- Get medical help if cramps last more than two hours or if you have heart problems.

Heat Stroke



Signs

- High body temperature
- Rapid heartbeat
- Confusion
- Headache
- Dizziness
- Fainting
- Nausea or vomiting

- **✓** Take Action
 - Call 911 right away.
 - Move them to a cooler place.
 - Remove extra clothing.
 - Cool them with a wet cloth or a cool bath.
 - If possible, have them sip a sports drink or water.

Heat Exhaustion



Signs |

- Heavy sweating
- Weakness
- Cool and clammy skin
- Muscle cramps
- Dizziness
- Fainting
- Nausea or vomiting



Take Action

- Stop, rest in a cool place and drink a cup of water – or a sports drink – every 20 minutes.
- Loosen your clothes.
- Place a cool, wet cloth on your body.
- Get medical help if you're vomiting, don't feel better in an hour or if you have heart or kidney problems.







Learn more about staying safe during extreme heat.

redcross.org/heatcheck